Case report: Acute chest pain and cardiogenic shock in a 33 years old patient after aortic valve reconstruction

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Initial clinical presentation

- A 33 years old male patient presented at the emergence department with sudden onset of severe chest pain and progressive dyspnea
- Chest pain was persistent despite administration of 15 mg morphine prehospitally by the emergency physician

Previous diagnosis:

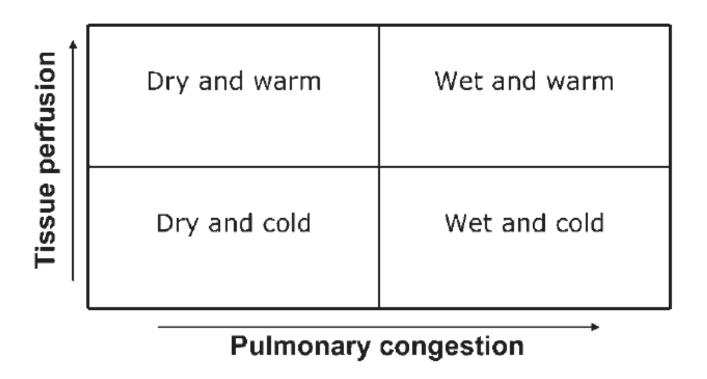
- Aortic valve reconstruction 6 years ago due to bicuspid aortic valve
- Acute kidney injury due to analgetic (NSAID) abuse

Physical examination:

- Blood pressure 120/59 mmHg
- Regular heart rate, ≈ 100 bpm
- Heart: holo-systolic and a decrescendo diastolic murmur
- Lung: no crackles on auscultation
- Skin wet and cold

Clinical assessement of acute decompensated heart failure

Clinical Classifications



Diagnostic examinations

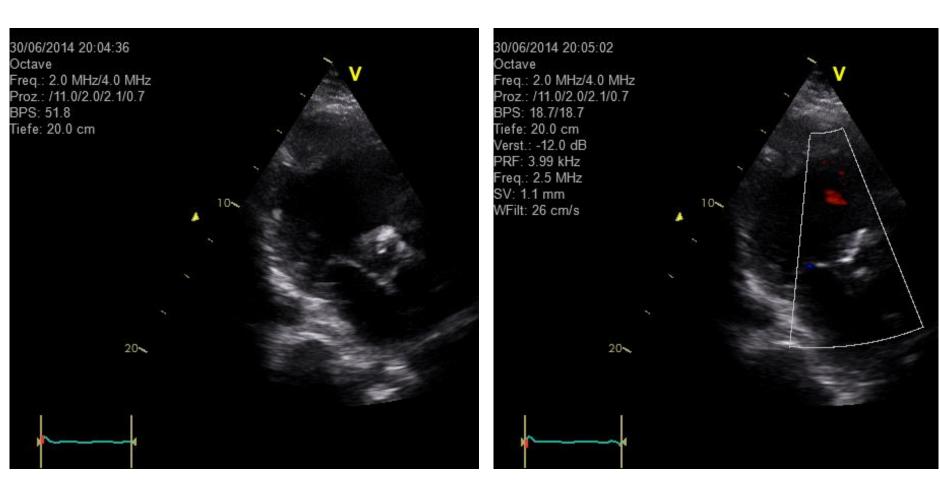
- ECG: Sinus tachycardia, no bundle branch block or significant ST segment changes → non-diagnostic ECG
- Blood gas analysis: (with 2 L/min O₂ nasal)
 - pH 7,302
 - pO₂ 74 mmHg
 - pCO₂ 48 mmHg
 - BE -2.2 mmol/l
 - HCO₃-21.6 mmol/l
 - Lactate 1.6 mmol/l

Blood analysis

Kumulativbefund Druckdatum : 01.07.2014 - 13:33 (Notfall) Ersetzt Ausdruck vom : 01.07.2014 - 12:52												
Analyse	Refber Binheit	010714 11:57	010714 08:59	010714 05:02	010714 02:39	300614 19:31	151211 09:30	09121 09:48				
		Prā	Analytik									
Entnahmezeit		11:40	08:00	05:00		19:20	08:05	09:00				
Probeneingang		11:57	08:59	05:02		19:31	09:30	09:48				
Li-Heparin-Plasma			***********************	(1)		***************************************	(1)	20000012000000				
(1) hämolytisch												
	Klinische Chemie	- Basis	(Plasma /	Serum /	EDTA-Blu	.)						
Natrium	135-145 mmol/l	* 150	* 159(2)	* 148		• 147	141	144				
Kalium	3.5-5.1 mmol/l	* 5.5	3.9	3.7		4.4	4.0	5.0				
Chlorid	98-107 mmol/l			106		* 107						
Kalzium	2.2-2.6 mmol/l	* 2.0		* 2.0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.2	2.3	2.4				
Kalzium, korrigiert	2.2-2.6 mmol/l	* 2.6		2.4								
Phosphat	2.5-4.5 mg/dl		***************************************	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	************	Michigan compositive for the	4.3	4.1				
Kreatinin	0.70-1.20 mg/dl	* 3.08	* 2.78	* 2.18		* 1.35	1.29	* 2.34				
Kreatinin-GFR (MDRD)	80.0-140 ml/min	0			0111011101101010101010101010101010101010	900000000000000000000000000000000000000	* 65.1	* 32.7				
Krea-GFR (CKD-EPI)	>60.0 ml/min	* 25.2	* 28.5	* 38.3		68.4						
Harnstoff	17-48 mg/dl	* 72	* 66	* 59	0.000.000.000.000.000	* 51	* 81	* 125				
Harnsäure	3.4-7.0 mg/dl						6.6	6.1				
Glukose	60-100 mg/dl			* 291		* 165	91	* 104				
Eiweiß	ente de la company de la comp	* 32	• 37	* 38		* 63	65	71				
Albumin	35-52 g/l	* 14	A 4000 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	* 23		300000000000000000000000000000000000000						
CK -MB	0-190 U/1	* 10013	* 12671	* 9148		157	54	63				
040450000000000000000000000000000000000	0-24 U/1	* 823	* 1204	* 1362		19	a de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la co					
CK-MB/CK-Quotient Troponin T (hs)	<6 %	* 8	* 10	* 15								
ASAT (GOT)	<14 pg/ml 10-50 U/l	* 1547		* 1218		* 188 29	24					
ALAT (GPT)	10-50 U/1	* 956		* 136		29	46	20 * 72				
gamma-GT	<60 U/1	22	i	21		31	56	39				
Alk. Phosphatase	40-129 U/1	* 21		41		67	61	55				
Bilirubin (ges.)	<1.2 mg/dl	0.8		* 1.2		0.8	91	35				
CHE	5.32-12.9 kU/1			* 4.96		8.42						
alpha-Amylase	28-100 U/1			1.70		37						
Lipase	13-60 U/l	* 68	Providence and action	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000		19	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	Sect. 81806 (2.75/177)				
LDH	0-262 U/l	• 2895		* 2178		* 425	335	* 307				
CRP	0.0-5.0 mg/l	* 21.7	* 18.7	* 5.2		1.0	<0.3	4.4				

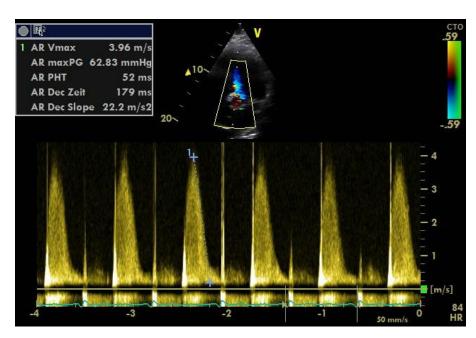
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1	Hāmatologie - K	leines Bl	utbild (In	Koopera	tion mit o	er Inner	n Medizi	I)	
Leukozyten	4.0-10.0		* 21.9	* 36.0	* 42.2	* 27.2	* 22.6	* 27.8	* 25.9
Erythrozyten	4.50-5.90	10^12/1	* 3.65	* 4.25	4.68	* 2.86	5.43	5.10	5.32
Hb	14.0-18.0	g/dl	* 10.8	* 12.7	14.0	* 8.5	16.1	14.9	15.5
Hkt	41-53	4	* 31	• 37	* 40	* 24	46	45	47
MCV	80-99	fl	86	86	86	84	85	88	88
MCH	27-33	P9	30	30	30	30	30	29	29
MCHC	31-37	g/dl	34	35	35	36	35	33	33
RDW	11.5-14.5	ł	14.2	14.3	14.3	14.0	13.9	13.5	13.6
Thrombozyten	140-400	10^9/1	* 80	* 131	149	184	237	248	343
MPV	7.8-11.0	fl	* 11.9	* 11.7	* 11.4	10.6	* 12.0	* 11.9	10.6
Normoblasten		/100 Leu						0	
Kommentar						(3)			
(3) Wert analyt	tisch kontrolli	ert und v	crzeitig g	edruckt.					
			Gerinnung	(Citrat	1 + 9)				
Quick	70-130	*	* 37	* 48	* 52	* 32	85		
INR	0.85-1.15		* 1.84	* 1.44	* 1.35	* 2.08	1.13		
PTT	21-34	s	* 76	* 39	÷ 38	* 52	* >140		
Thrombinzeit	15-22	8		18	21	17	* >120		
Fibrinogen	180-400	mg/dl	* 108			* 100	214		
AT-III	79-112	ŧ				* 40			

Emergency echocardiography

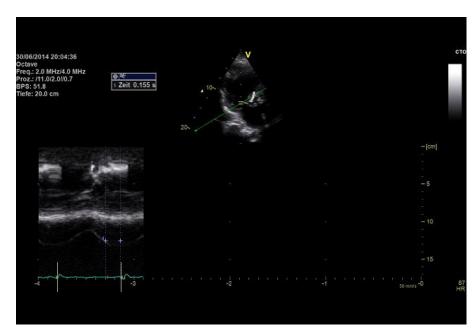


Transthoracic apical long axis view

Emergency echocardiography

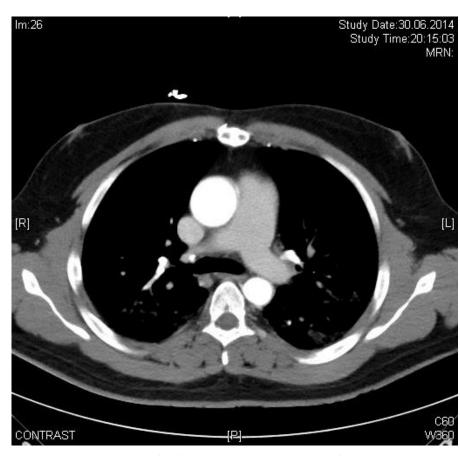


CW doppler signal confirms severe aortic regurgitation with equalized end-diastolic pressure in the left ventricle and the aorta

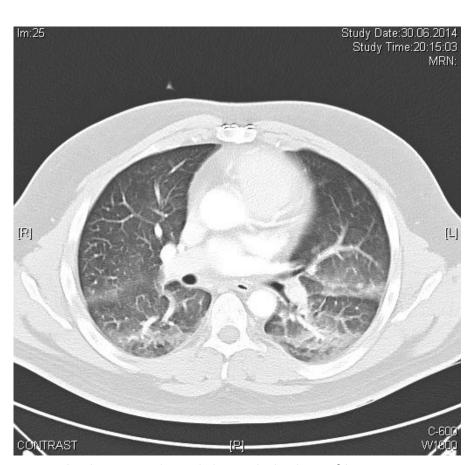


Anatomical M-mode shows premature mitral valve closure, 155 ms before the QRS complex onset

Computed tomography

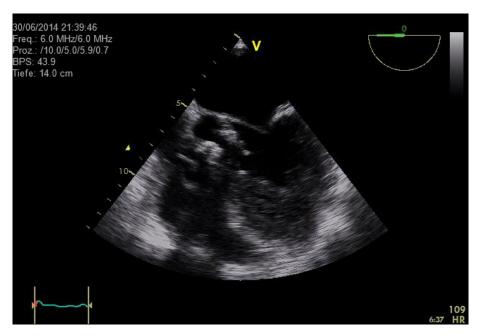


Contrast CT rouled out an acute aortic dissection or rupture



In the lung windows bilateral alvelor infiltrates were detected

Transesophageal echocardiography



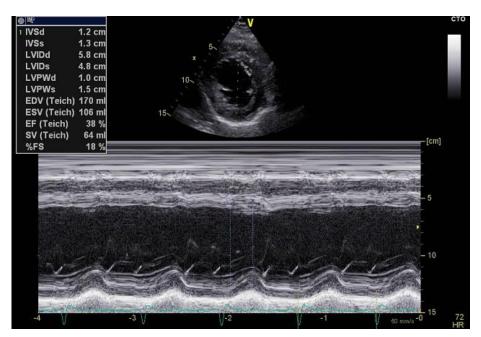
5 chamber view showing an echogenic structure prolapsing in the left ventricular outflow tract (LVOT)



Colour Doppler long axis view: a broad regurgitation jet in the LVOT

Verlauf

- Emergency surgery: AVR with a mechanical bileaflet prosthesis
- Acute kidney injury after emrgency surgery requiring dialysis for ≈ 8 days
- Extubation on day 10 after surgery
- Histopathology of the aortic valve resection: Degenerative aortopathy with active endocarditis
- Microbiology: Cell culture and PCR of the aortic valve were negative
- Moderate depressed left ventricular systolic function, EF 35 %
- Discharge on day 20 after surgery
- Neurological rehabilitation will follow because of mild-to-moderate cognitive impairment



M-mode echocardiography before hospital discharge

Conclusions

- In patients with prosthetic heart valves or previous valvular surgery and signs of acute/decompensated heart failure, an emergency echocardiography is indicated due to the risk of valve-related complications
- Mechanical aortic valve complications, i.e. rupture of cusp(s) from the aortic wall due to endocarditis, should be a differential diagnosis in patients with acute severe chest pain